ORACLE

Benefits of Oracle Database@AWS

Unify data. Migrate Exadata workloads. Simplify management and operations. Realize the performance, availability, automation, and security benefits of a multicloud strategy. All with Oracle Autonomous Database and Oracle Exadata Database Service running in AWS.



Leverage your existing AWS and Oracle Database skills, automation, and processes together in a single cloud environment thanks to native integration with the AWS Management Console, CLI, APIs, and monitoring.

Migrate your Oracle Database workloads to AWS with ease

Easily and quickly migrate your Oracle Exadata workloads to Oracle Exadata Database Service or Oracle Autonomous Database within AWS with minimal changes while maintaining full feature and architecture compatibility and high performance and availability.

Simplify your management and operations

Gain a unified experience between Oracle and AWS with collaborative support, purchasing, management, and operations. Use your existing AWS Private Pricing Agreements and your existing Oracle license benefits and programs, such as Oracle Support Rewards.

Unify your data across Oracle and AWS to innovate

Speed up mission-critical workloads and develop new intelligent applications with a low-latency network connection between your Oracle Database and AWS services.

Build new applications that combine your data and Al services

Build new scalable, microservices-based applications and accelerate time to market for new features by using Amazon EC2, Amazon EKS, and Amazon ECS in combination with Oracle Database features such as Al Vector Search.

Get started with Oracle Database@AWS

Ready to learn more? Find info on Oracle Database@AWS services, solutions, and pricing along with videos and all the documentation you need for success.

Learn more

"Oracle's partnership with AWS—Oracle Database@AWS—is the latest proof point of Oracle's ironclad commitment to multicloud. AWS is the third major public cloud provider to partner with OCI advanced database services running on Exadata."

Marc Staimer, the CUBE Research

